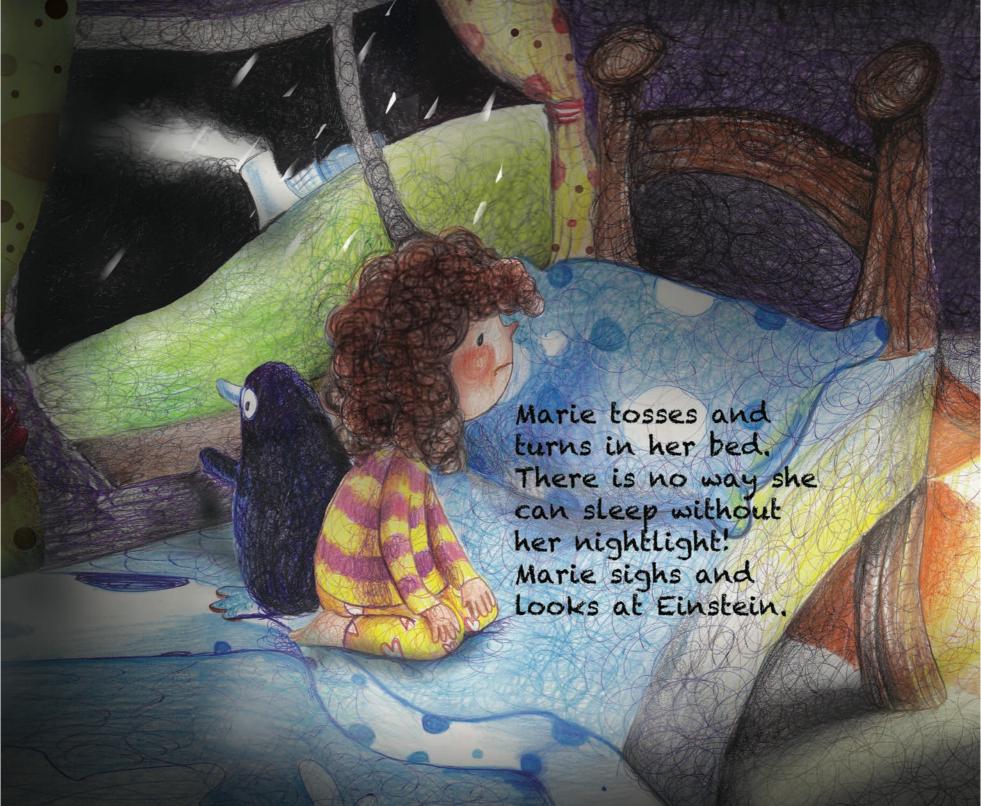


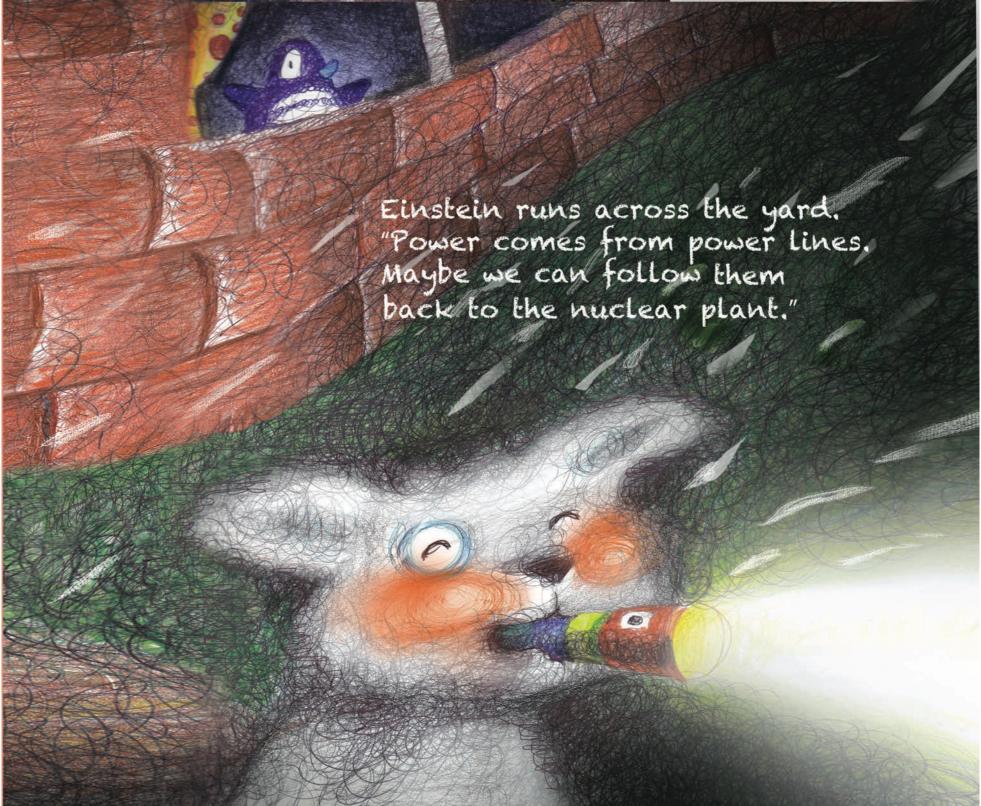
"Mom!" Marie shouts. Mom pops her head into the room. "Everything is OK, Marie.
The power just went out.
Try to go back to sleep."



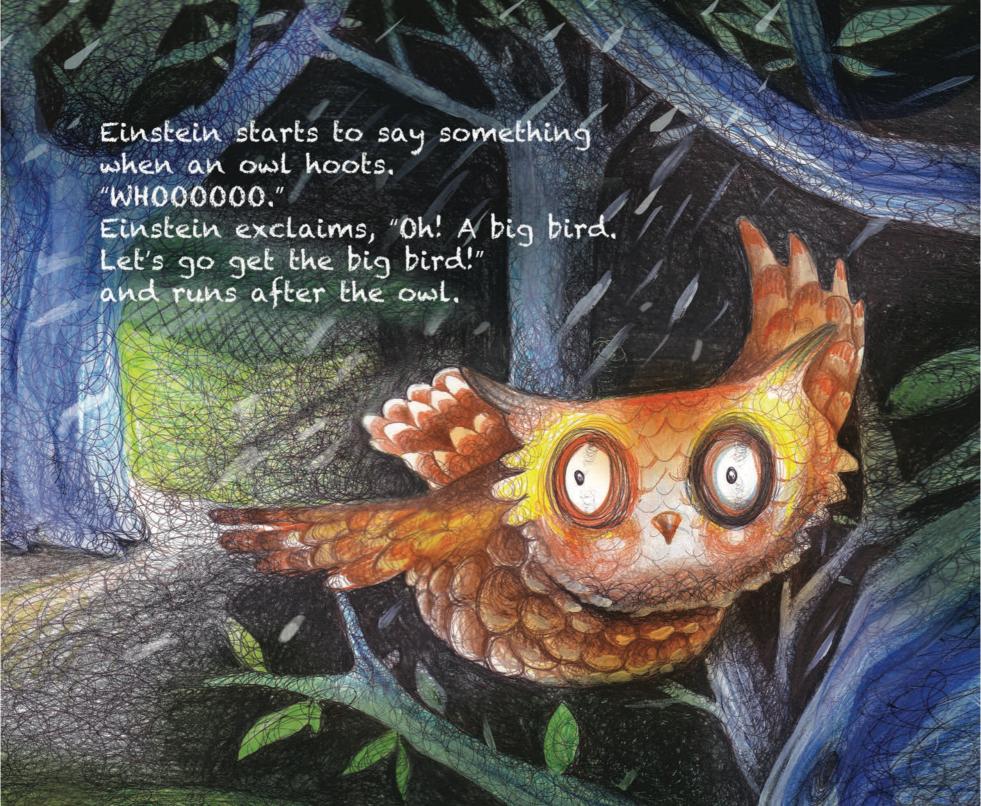
Einstein says, "Well, I guess we have to do something. Maybe it has to do with the nuclear plant I heard the squirrels talking about. Let's go check it out."

"No, Einstein! It's too scary outside," Marie says. Einstein grabs the flashlight from under the bed and says, "Don't worry, we can go together."





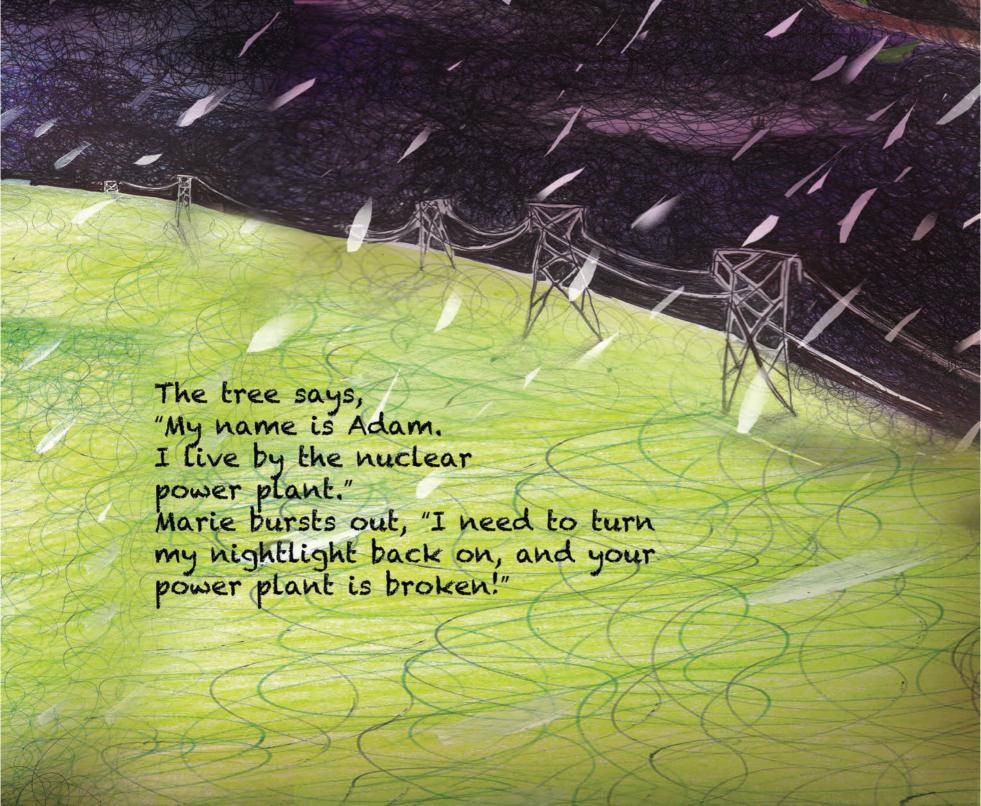


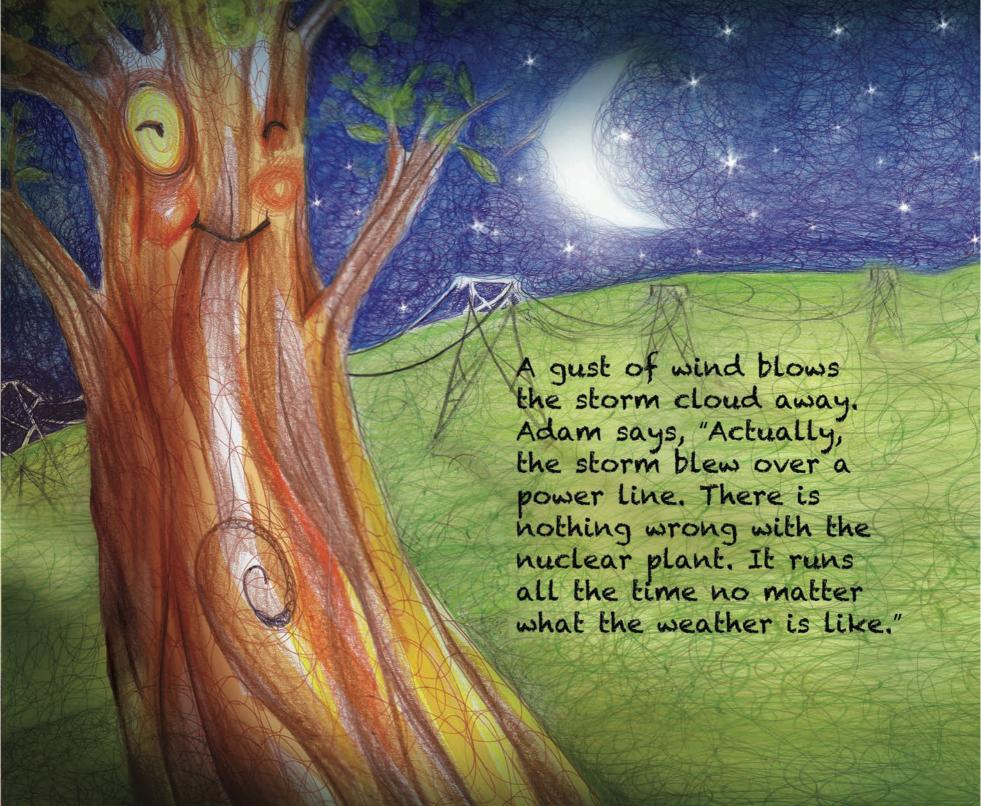




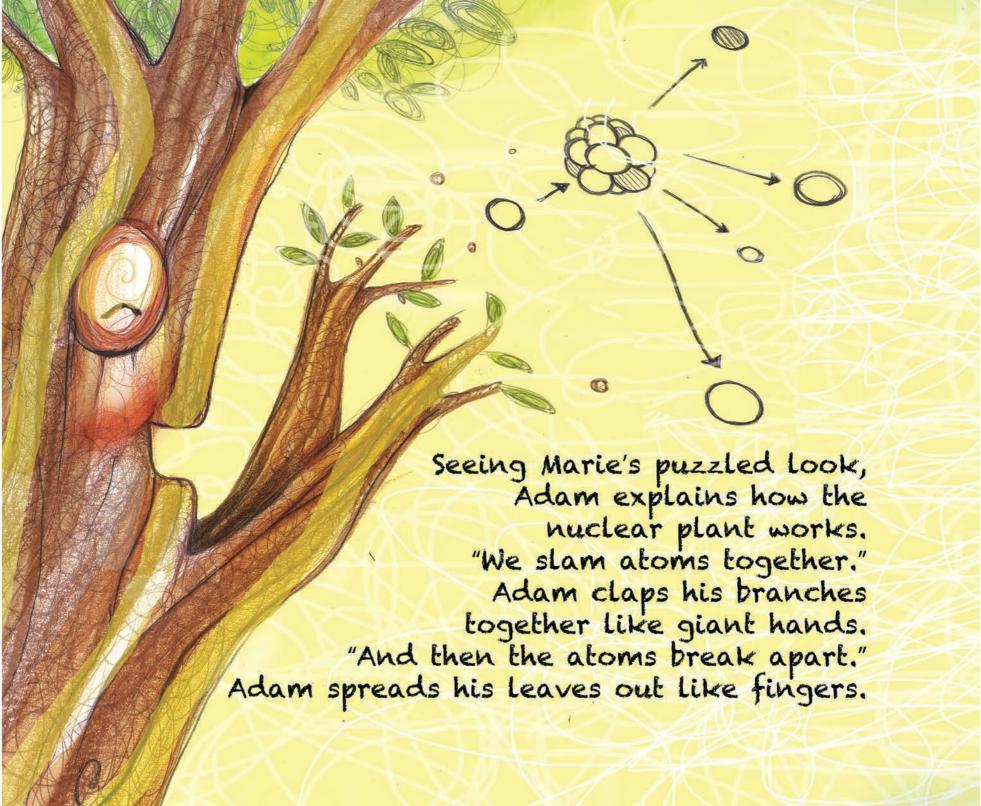




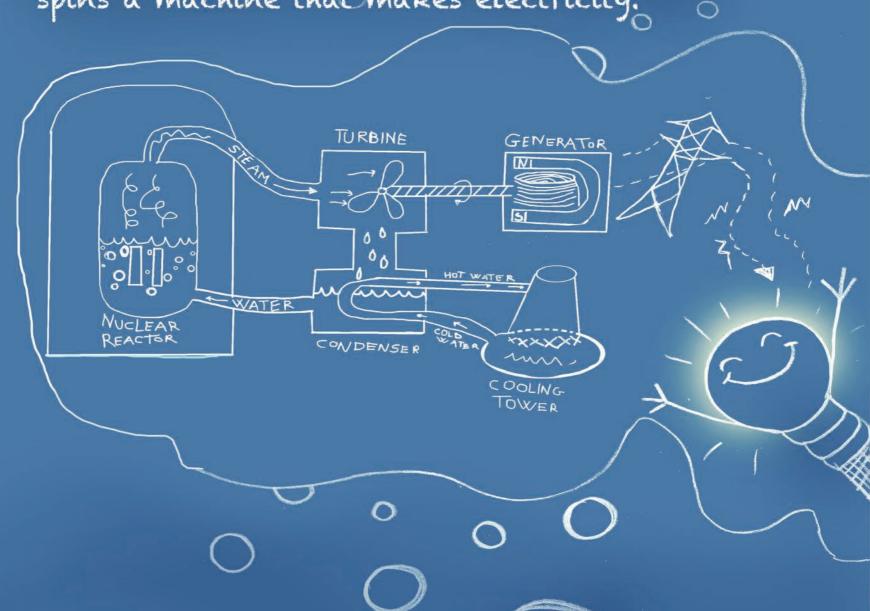




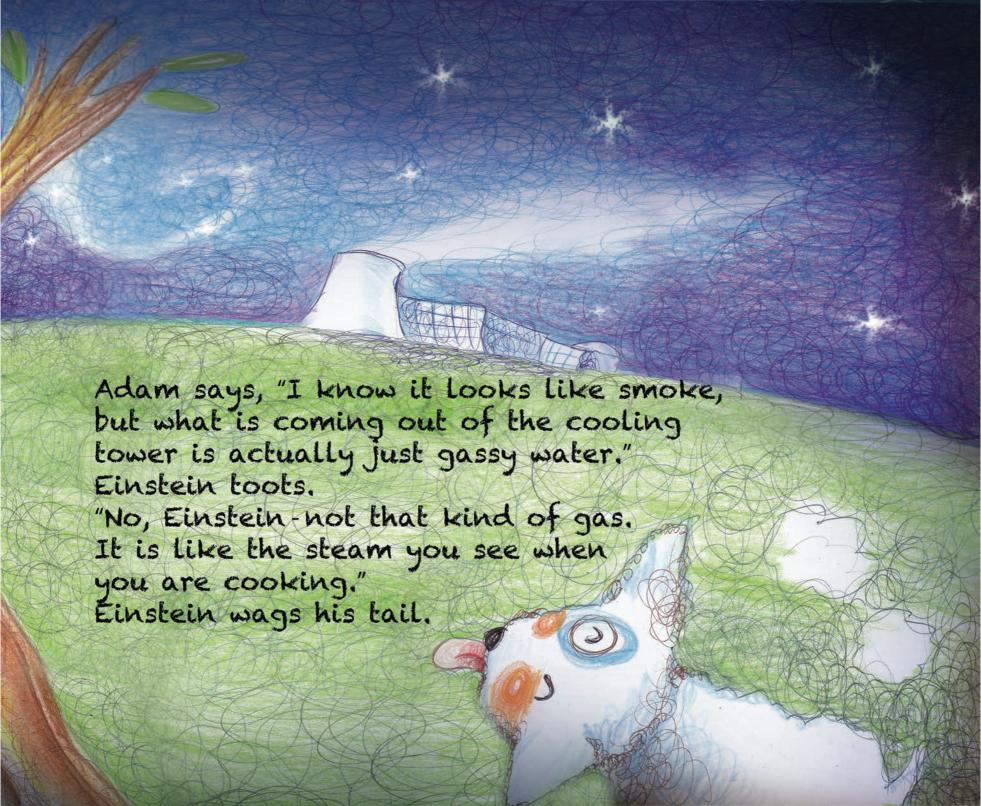


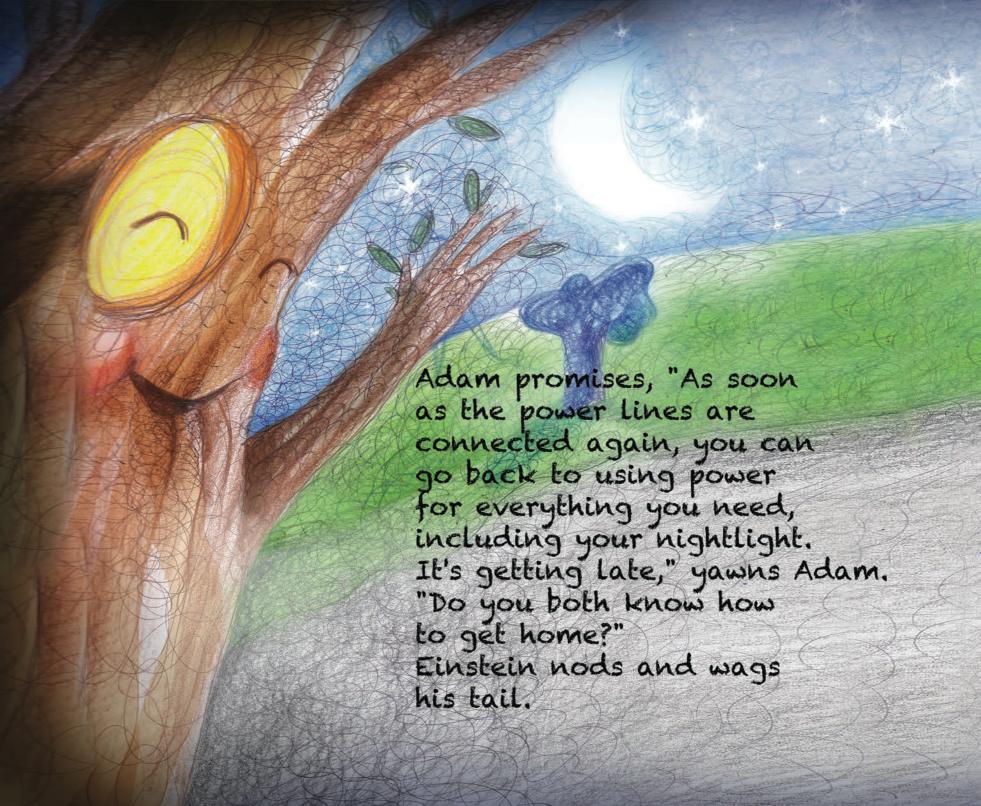


"The atoms give off energy that turns water into steam. The steam turns a giant fan that spins a machine that makes electricity."







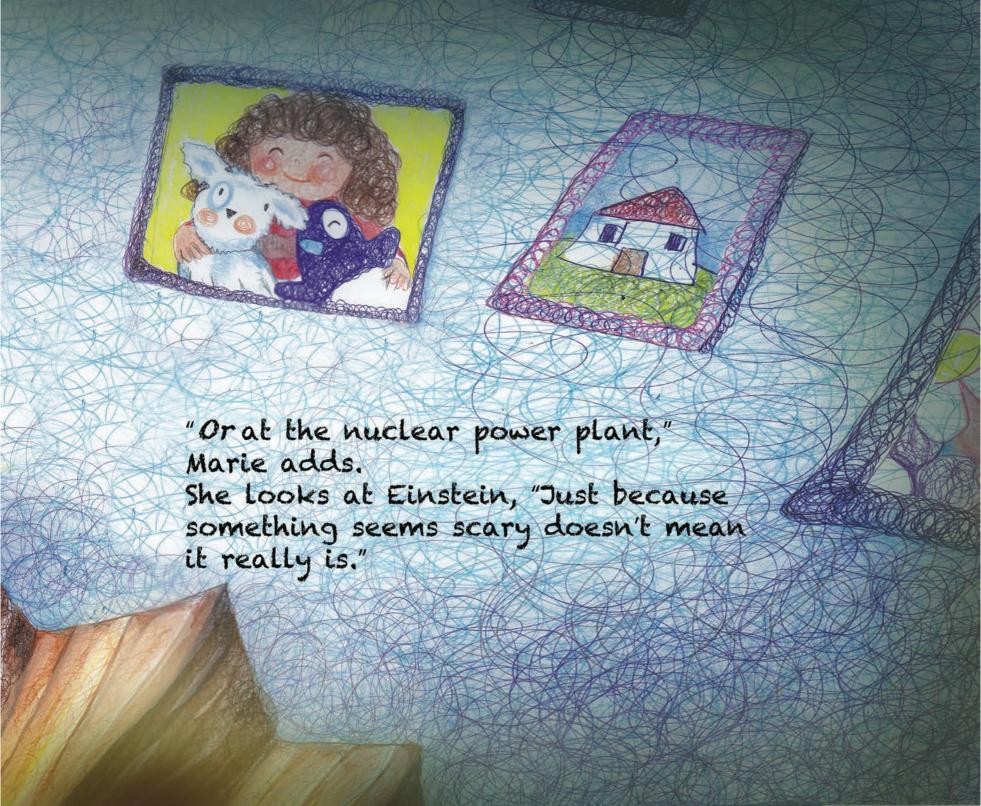
















## We hope you enjoyed Marie and Einstein's story about nuclear energy! Electricity is interesting and safe as long as you follow a few rules:

- 1. Do not touch electrical outlets or cords without an adult's permission.
- 2. Keep electrical devices away from water.
- 3. Stay away from power lines (especially if they are on the ground) and electrical equipment. Electricity can flow to other nearby objects—keep your distance!

## And remember, never go outside at night alone!

## Glossary

Atoms: the tiny building blocks of matter

Burst: to talk excitedly

Clutch: to hold

Connect: to become joined

**Cooling Tower:** a structure that reduces water temperature at a power plant. Hot water flows down within the tower like a waterfall. This forces air up, which cools the water, and some of the water evaporates out of the top.

Electric: (1) uses electricity or (2) exciting

Electricity: the movement of electrons through a conductor (such as a wire or power line)

Exclaim: to say something suddenly and loudly

Glance: a quick look Gust: a sudden wind

Nuclear: science and technology based on the nucleus (center of an atom)

Power Lines: cables carrying electrical power

Power: energy that can be used to operate a machine

Puzzled: confused or not understanding

Sprint: to run at top speed

Steam: vapor produced when water is boiled

Yip: to bark quickly

## **Authors' Note**

The characters in this story are named after important scientists in nuclear science history. Marie Curie, along with her husband Pierre Curie and colleague Henri Becquerel, was awarded a Nobel Prize in Physics for her discovery of the radioactive elements polonium and radium. Marie went on to receive a Nobel Prize in Chemistry for her continued investigation of these elements.

Albert Einstein was a scientist (not a dog) and made many significant contributions to nuclear science. His theory of special relativity shows a direct relationship between energy and mass conversion. This is more commonly known as E=mc<sup>2</sup>.

The name Adam is symbolic for atom. Atoms are the tiny building blocks of matter. Nuclear energy is the heat released by splitting atoms (this process is called fission). The heat increases the temperature of water and turns it into steam. The steam rotates a turbine (similar to a fan), which is on the same shaft as a generator. When the generator rotates, it creates a magnetic field to charge wires and produce electricity.

As of 2016, nuclear energy provides more than 60% of the carbon-free electricity in the United States! Other types of power plants, like coal- and natural gas-fired plants, use similar principles to create electricity from a heat source. The main difference is the method by which they produce heat. By splitting atoms instead of burning a fuel source (such as coal or natural gas), nuclear power plants do not release carbon into the environment when they produce electricity.

For more information about nuclear energy, check out the following resource:

http://naygn.org/committees/public-information/public-information-library/



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